# Plastics in coastal wetlands – A double-edged sword

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### Coastal "Blue carbon ecosystems" (BCEs)

lassification.

- Contribute >50% of total organic carbon buried in marine sediments
- Nature-based solutions for climate adaptation and mitigation
- Accumulate ~100 million metric tonnes of blue carbon annually



Macreadie et al (2021)

## **BCEs as plastics/microplastics sinks**



BCEs are significant plastic and microplastics sinks

Noman et al (2024)

## BCEs as plastics/microplastics sinks





- 8300 million metric tonnes of virgin plastics equivalent to 6900 million metric tonnes of plastic-carbon (C)

- Plastic-C in BCEs are ~10 million metric tonnes

### Microplastics on C cycling ...double-edged sword



BCE without microplastics

BCE sediment BCE sediment + microplastics + microplastics

Modified from: Kuzyakov et al (2020); Yang et al (2023)

#### Trustec **Microplastics on C cycling** ...double-edged sword g<sup>-1</sup> DOC)

#### **MP-DOM:**

- contain fewer DOM formulas
- are less recalcitrant
- show more labile-like compounds
- MP-DOM emits more CO<sub>2</sub> and stores less carbon than NOM
- biodegradable plastic emits more  $CO_2$ emissions



0

CO<sub>2</sub> emissions (mg





#### Take home message

Global coastal wetlands are becoming plastics/microplastics cesspit

Plastic-derived organic matter can mineralise blue carbon in coastal wetlands

Trade off among plastics, blue carbon sequestration and greenhouse gas emissions needs assessment in scale

![](_page_7_Picture_0.jpeg)

#### Thank you!